



AFRICAN AMERICAN HISTORY MONTH 2006

WEBLIOGRAPHY

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E-mail: rafidah@perpustam.edu.my

Lincoln Corner Terengganu Terengganu State Public Library Jln Kemajuan, Padang Hiliran 21572 Kuala Terengganu, Terengganu

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E-mail: librarian@sarawaknet.gov.my

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15200 Kota Bahru, Kelantan

Tel: 09-744 4522

E-mail: ppak@kelantan.gov.my

PRESIDENTIAL PROCLAMATION OF AFRICAN AMERICAN HISTORY MONTH

January 27, 2006

As we celebrate National African American History Month, we recognize the many contributions of African Americans to our country and reinforce our commitment to be a Nation of opportunity and hope for every citizen.

Throughout our history, African Americans have courageously worn our Nation's uniform while

defending peace and liberty around the globe. Patriots like Thurgood Marshall and Rosa Parks broke down racial barriers and inspired our Nation to make good on the promise of equal justice under law. - Educators like Mary McLeod Bethune and Dr. Frederick Patterson transformed the academic world, with the goal of ensuring that every child has access to a good education. Athletes such as Jesse Owens and Wilma Rudolph and entertainers such as Ossie Davis and Ray Charles have brought pride and joy to generations of Americans. Today, the accomplishments of African Americans in every aspect of our society continue to encourage people to reach as far as their vision and dreams may take them.

Civil rights pioneer Rosa Parks sits in a 1950's era bus in 1995, forty years after being arrested for refusing to give up her seat to a white person. (©

African-American organizations have played a vital role in achieving justice and equal rights, and they have helped make communities across our country stronger and better. This year's theme of African American History Month, "Celebrating Community: A Tribute to Black Fraternal,

Social, and Civic Institutions," recognizes the African-American groups that have worked to confront injustices and expand opportunities. These organizations believe in the potential and worth of every person, and they have worked to help all Americans receive a quality education, to feed the hungry and house the homeless, to encourage youth to make healthy choices, and to reach out to others in need. By answering the call to love a neighbor as we would like to be loved ourselves, these groups have set a positive example, and we continue to be inspired by their compassion and service to others.

Working together, Federal, State, and local government, community organizations, and individual citizens will continue to foster hope and build a better tomorrow for all our children and grandchildren.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE W. BUSH, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim February 2006 as National African American History Month. I call upon public officials, educators, and all the people of the United States to observe this month with appropriate programs and activities that honor the significant contributions African Americans have made to our Nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord two thousand six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and thirtieth.

<u>VIDEOCASSETTES</u> (Available for group or individual screening at the Lincoln Corners (see cover page)

- 1. Black Scientists in America (PBS Video, 25 minutes).
- 2. Black Doctors in America (PBS Video, 25 minutes).
- 3. Black Women in America (PBS Video, 25 minutes).
- 4. Early Black Cinema (PBS Video, 25 minutes).
- 5. Literature and Poetry (PBS Video, 25 minutes)
- 6. Mighty Times: The Legacy of Rosa Parks (HBO Studio Production, 45 minutes)

HISTORY

Desegregation of the Armed Forces: Timeline

http://www.trumanlibrary.org/whistlestop/study_collections/desegregation/large/index.php?action=chronology

Offers a comprehensive summary of events, from 1945-1953.

Integrating Ole Miss: Chronology

http://www.jfklibrary.org/meredith/chronfr.html

A Civil Rights Milestone from the John F. Kennedy Library and Museum

Modern Civil Rights Movement Timeline

http://www.infoplease.com/spot/civilrightstimeline1.html

From Infoplease.com

We Shall Overcome

http://www.cr.nps.gov/nr/travel/civilrights/index.htm

Historic Places of the Civil Rights Movement: A National Registry Travel Itinerary

U.S. GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

U.S. Department of Justice – Civil Rights Division

http://www.usdoj.gov/crt/crt-home.html

Chief civil rights enforcement agency for the federal government. Includes key speeches, special issues publications, texts of cases, and a newsletter.

Guidance (http://www.usdoj.gov/crt/split/documents/guidance_on_race.htm) on racial profiling was issued in June 2003.

U.S. Commission on Civil Rights

http://www.usccr.gov/index.html

Monitors and reports on the status of civil rights protections. Not an enforcement agency, but evaluates federal laws and makes recommendations to the President and Congress.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of Civil Rights

http://www.usda.gov/cr/

U.S. Department of Defense, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Equal Opportunity

http://www.defenselink.mil/prhome/eo.html

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights

http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/index.html?src=mr

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity

http://www.hud.gov/offices/fheo/

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/

U.S. Department of Labor, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs http://www.dol.gov/esa/ofccp/index.htm

U.S. Department of Labor, Civil Rights Center

http://www.dol.gov/oasam/programs/crc/director.htm

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS AND MOVEMENTS

The Civil Rights Project - Harvard University

http://www.civilrightsproject.harvard.edu/

A policy-oriented institution whose work is focused on "matters directly related to race and ethnicity", more specifically falling under three overlapping headings: discrimination, diversity and opportunity; race in public policy; and leadership in connecting communities.

Freedom Forum

http://www.freedomforum.org/about/

The Freedom Forum is a nonpartisan foundation dedicated to freedoms for all people. The foundation focuses on three priorities: the Newseum, First Amendment freedoms and newsroom diversity.



Coretta Scott King at the Martin Luther King Jr. Center for Nonviolent Social Change in Atlanta, Georgia, 1975. (© AD (MARC))

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)

http://www.naacp.org/

NAACP is the nation's largest and strongest civil rights organization. The NAACP's principal objectives are to ensure the political, educational, social and economic equality for minority group citizens of the United States and eliminate race prejudice.

The National Urban League

http://www.nul.org/

A premier civil rights organization, whose mission is to "assist African Americans in the achievement of social and economic equality."

The Southern Poverty Law Center

http://www.splcenter.org/

Begun in 1971 as a small civil rights law firm, the SPLC is now a national non-profit civil rights organization, internationally known for its tolerance education program ("Teaching Tolerance"

http://www.splcenter.org/center/tt/teach.jsp project and Tolerance.org http://www.tolerance.org/), its legal victories against white supremacist groups, its tracking of hate groups, the ("Intelligence Project" http://www.splcenter.org/intel/intpro.jsp) and its sponsorship of the Civil Rights Memorial which celebrates the memory of 40 individuals who died during the Civil Rights Movement.

Civil Rights Movements Veterans

http://198.170.117.226/

Created by, and for, civil rights workers active in the Southern Freedom Movement organizations during the 1960's, the site offers personal stories, narratives, and interviews with those active in the movement.

Association for the study of Afro-American Life and History

http://www.asalh.org/index.html

As the oldest organization dedicated to the study and promotion of Black history, ASALH is itself part of African American history.

STATISTICAL RESOURCES

Status and Trends in the Education of Blacks

http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2003034

National Center for Education Statistics, August 2003

Minority Links: Facts on the Black or African American Population

http://www.census.gov/pubinfo/www/NEWafamML1.html

U.S. Census Bureau

Facts for Features

http://www.census.gov/Press-

Release/www/releases/archives/facts for features special editions/006088.html

U.S. Census Bureau Facts

Collection of statistics from the Census Bureau's demographic and economic subject areas.

FURTHER REFERENCES

Tireless Civil Rights Campaigner Continues to Work for Social Justice, 13 January 2006

http://voanews.com/english/archive/2006-01/2006-01-13-

voa29.cfm?CFID=35573269&CFTOKEN=11979771

Voice of America News

Interrupted Educations to be Made Whole After 50 Years, 29 September 2005

http://voanews.com/english/archive/2005-09/2005-09-28-

voa41.cfm?CFID=35573286&CFTOKEN=91219152

Voice of America News

A New Documentary Reopens a 50 year-old Murder Case, 31 August 2005

http://voanews.com/english/archive/2005-08/2005-08-31-

voa57.cfm?CFID=35347983&CFTOKEN=16335011

Voice of America News

Marchers in Atlanta Commemorate Anniversary of Voting Rights Act, 06 August 2005

http://author.voanews.com/english/archive/2005-08/2005-08-06-

voa28.cfm?CFID=11675808&CFTOKEN=61319052

Voice of America News

Race Relations

http://www.pbs.org/newshour/bb/race_relations/race_relations.html

Public Broadcasting Corporation's (PBS)Online NewsHour transcripts of interviews and programs on racial issues from 1995 to the present.

How Race Was Lived in America: A Decade-By-Decade Selection of Articles

http://www.nytimes.com/library/national/race/past-nyt-index.html

A selection of articles from the *New York Times* ranging from the 1880's until early 2000.

African-American Women

http://scriptorium.lib.duke.edu/collections/african-american-women.html

Duke University's on-line archival collections featuring scanned pages and texts of the writings of African-American women. Includes the memoirs of Elizabeth Johnson Harris (1867-1942), an 1857 letter from Vilet Lester, a slave on a North Carolina plantation, and several letters from Hannah Valentine and Lethe Jackson, slaves on the estate of David Campbell, a governor of Virginia.

The Civil Rights movement and the legacy of Martin Luther King http://usinfo.state.gov/products/pubs/civilrts/

This site is a tribute Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. It offers MLK's statement and speeches; biographical sketches of two centuries of black leadership; and significant moments in the civil rights movement.

Black History Feature Stories

http://www.census.gov/pubinfo/www/broadcast/radio/special_radio_features.html

Census Bureau's Radio Service

Black History Month

http://www.gale.com/free_resources/bhm/index.htm Gale Group

Black History Month

http://www.infoplease.com/spot/bhm1.html Infoplease.com

Black History Month

http://www.nytimes.com/learning/issues_in_depth/20030116.html New York Times

Celebrate Black History Month

<u>http://www.educationworld.com/a_special/black_history.shtml</u>
Education World

Celebrating Black History Month

http://www.time.com/time/reports/blackhistory/

Time.com



Martin Luther King Jr. displays his 1964 Nobel Peace Prize medal. (© AP/WWP)

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Request: (e.g. I would like to obtain information on teacher education in U.S., I would like to obtain a list of U.S. authored publications on globalization issues, etc.)			

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